

Geometry Date_____ 2.4 Assignment
Algebraic Proofs (pp 96–98)
Omit 7, 10, 12, 13, 16, 17
1. What is your name?

Complete each statement to show an example of the stated property.

2. Multiplication Property of Equality: If $BD = 6$, then _____(BD) = 2.

3. Transitive Property of Equality: If $m\angle ABC = m\angle DEF$ and _____ = $m\angle STO$, then _____.

4. Reflexive Property of Equality: $HS =$ _____.

5. Substitution Property of Equality: If $RL = 7.5$ and $LT = 10 - RL$, then _____.

6. Symmetric Property of Equality: If $m\angle MCS = m\angle DBA$, then _____.

Complete each reason for the proof.

7.

Statement	Reason
$-2(3x - 4) = 3x + 12$	Given
$-6x + 8 = 3x + 12$	
$-9x + 8 = 12$	
$-9x = 4$	
$x = -\frac{4}{9}$	

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8.

Statement	Reason
$9 = 4x - 3(x - 2)$	Given
$9 = 4x - 3x + 6$	
$9 = x + 6$	
$3 = x$	
$x = 3$	

9



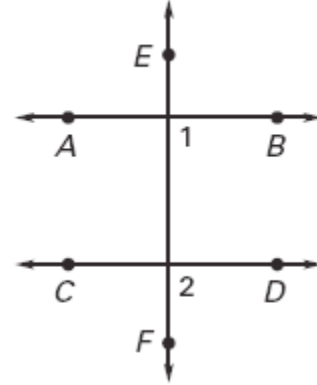
Statement	Reason
$AB = BC$	Given
$BC = BC$	
$AB + BC = CD + BC$	
$AB + BC = AC$	
$CD + BC = BD$	
$AC = BD$	

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Write a two column proof to show that the following is true.

10. If $\overline{AB} \perp \overline{EF}$, $\overline{CD} \perp \overline{EF}$, then $m\angle 1 = m\angle 2$.



11. If $m\angle 1 = 40^\circ$ and $m\angle 2 = 50^\circ$, then the angles are complementary.

Review.

Find the distance between the two points. Round your result to two decimal places. (Chapter 1 Section 3).

12. $(-7, 6)$ & $(2, 0)$

13. $(9, -1)$ & $(2, -6)$

14. $(1, 1)$ & $(-1, 11)$

15. $(7, 10)$ & $(1, 5)$

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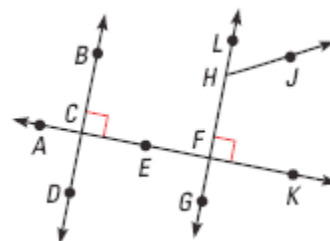
You are given an endpoint and the midpoint of a line segment. Find the coordinates of the other endpoint. Each midpoint is denoted by $M(x, y)$. (Chapter 1 Section 5)

16. $B(5, 7)$
 $M(-1, 0)$
17. $C(-4, -5)$
 $M(3, -6)$

18. $F(0, 9)$
 $M(6, -2)$
19. $Q(-1, 14)$
 $M(2, 7)$

20. Given that $m\angle A = 48^\circ$, what are the measures of the complement and the supplement of $\angle A$? (Chapter 1 Section 6)

Use the diagram shown to determine whether the statement is true or false. (Chapter 2 Section 2)



21. _____ $\overline{BC} \perp \overline{FG}$
22. _____ $\angle ECB \cong \angle ACD$
23. _____ $\angle JHL$ & $\angle JHF$ are complementary.
24. _____ $\overline{AK} \perp \overline{BD}$